WORKERS' COMPENSATION APPEALS BOARD STATE OF CALIFORNIA

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SHARI HERNANDEZ,

Applicant,

vs.

FREMONT BANK, administered by CHUBB

Defendants.

GROUP OF INSURANCE COMPANIES,

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Case No. ADJ9778321 ADJ9778380 (Oakland District Office)

> ORDER DENYING PETITION FOR REMOVAL

We have considered the allegations of the Petition for Removal and the contents of the report of the workers' compensation administrative law judge (WCJ) with respect thereto. Based on our review of the record, and for the reasons stated in the WCJ's report which we adopt and incorporate, we will deny removal. Removal is an extraordinary remedy rarely exercised by the Appeals Board. (Cortez v. Workers'

Comp. Appeals Bd. (2006) 136 Cal.App.4th 596, 600, fn. 5 [71 Cal.Comp.Cases 155, 157, fn. 5]; Kleemann v. Workers' Comp. Appeals Bd. (2005) 127 Cal. App. 4th 274, 281, fn. 2 [70 Cal. Comp. Cases 133, 136, fn. 2].) The Appeals Board will grant removal only if the petitioner shows that substantial prejudice or irreparable harm will result if removal is not granted. (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 8, § 10843(a); see also Cortez, supra; Kleemann, supra.) Also, the petitioner must demonstrate that reconsideration will not be an adequate remedy if a final decision adverse to the petitioner ultimately issues. (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 8, § 10843(a).) Here, for the reasons stated in the WCJ's report, we are not persuaded that substantial prejudice or irreparable harm will result if removal is denied and/or that reconsideration will not be an adequate remedy if the matter ultimately proceeds to a final decision adverse to petitioner.

For the foregoing reasons, 1 IT IS ORDERED that the Petition for Removal is DENIED. 2 WORKERS' COMPENSATION APPEALS BOARD 3 4 5 6 DEIDRA E. LOWE 7 I CONCUR, 8 9 Uglane 10 11 KONNIE G. CAPLANE 12 13 14 MARGUERITE SWEENE 15 DATED AND FILED AT SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA 16 17 AUG 1 9 2015 18 19 SERVICE MADE ON THE ABOVE DATE ON THE PERSONS LISTED BELOW AT THEIR ADDRESSES SHOWN ON THE CURRENT OFFICIAL ADDRESS RECORD. 20 **BLUE SHIELD OF CALIFORNIA** 21 **BOEHM & ASSOCIATES** 22 **BOXER & GERSON** EMPLOYMENT DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT 23 FEDERAL INSURANCE FREMONT BANK 24 SHARI HERNANDEZ THE MCLEAN LAW GROUP 25

HERNANDEZ, Shari

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WORKERS' COMPENSATION APPEALS BOARD DIVISION OF WORKERS' COMPENSATION STATE OF CALIFORNIA

SHARI HERNANDEZ v. FREMONT BANK and FEDERAL INSURANCE WCAB CASE NOS.: ADJ9778321, ADJ9778380

JUDGE STANLEY E. SHIELDS

REPORT AND RECOMMENDATION ON PETITION FOR REMOVAL

ISSUE PRESENTED

Whether Defendant will suffer irreparable harm or significant prejudice from the Judge's Order to the Medical Unit to issue an additional OME panel in the field of psychiatry.

INTRODUCTION

Defendant filed a timely, verified Petition for Removal in these matters on July 24, 2015. To date, no Answer has been filed by Applicant.

Applicant, a bank teller for Fremont Bank, claims to have sustained injury to her knee (unspecified, but believed to be left knee) on October 10, 2014. This has been assigned Case No. ADJ9778321. Applicant then filed an Application for injury to her left leg and foot in a cumulative period to November 13, 2014, also while employed by Fremont Bank. This has been assigned Case No. ADJ9778380. Both Applications were amended on April 23, 2015, to

include claim of injury to psyche. Both Applications were amended again on July 14, 2015, to include injury to stomach and internal organs. Defendant has filed Answers to each Application denying injury.

At some point, the Medical Unit issued a panel in the field of pain medicine.

According to papers filed by Applicant, Defendant unilaterally cancelled the Qualified Medical Evaluation which was set up on the basis of the panel assignment. According to Defendant's Petition for Removal, the parties later decided to utilize Joel Renbaum, M.D., as an orthopedic Agreed Medical Evaluator ("AME").

Applicant petitioned for assignment of an additional panel in psychiatry, and an Order to that effect was issued by the undersigned on July 7, 2015. It is from this Order that Defendant claims to be aggrieved.

DISCUSSION

Defendant relies on Labor Code Section 4660.1(c)(1), which it quotes as follows: "'there shall be no increases in impairment ratings for sleep dysfunction, sexual dysfunction or psychiatric disorder, or any combination thereof arising out of a compensable physical injury' for injuries occurring on or after 1/1/13." Defendant goes on, "Therefore, a medical legal evaluation in the specialty of psychiatry is inappropriate."

Defendant conveniently leaves out the second sentence of 4660.1(c)(1), which states, "Nothing in this section shall limit the ability of an injured employee to obtain treatment for sleep dysfunction, sexual dysfunction, or psychiatric disorder, if any, that are a consequence of an industrial injury."

SHARI HERNANDEZ

ADJ9778380

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The appropriate procedure to resolve a dispute over <u>injury</u> is to utilize the panel

Qualified Medical Evaluator mechanism (or agree to an AME). The fact that compensation for a permanent psychiatric <u>impairment</u> is not available to this injured worker does not deprive her of her potential right to medical care or, for that matter, temporary disability indemnity on a psychiatric basis.

Defendant's further argument that "any possible psychiatric injury is subject to Utilization Review, not the Med-legal process" is disingenuous. Utilization Review is only available, and only relevant, where injury has been accepted.

Defendant is not irreparably harmed or significantly prejudiced by the undersigned's discovery Order; in fact, both Applicant and Defendant are benefited by moving forward with necessary discovery and determination of injury in the first instance.

RECOMMENDATION

Deny Petition for Removal.

Dated: July 27, 2015

Stanley E. Shields

Workers' Compensation Judge

Labor Code Section 4610(g)(7) provides that, "Utilization review of a treatment recommended shall not be required while the employer is disputing liability for injury or treatment of the condition for which treatment is recommended pursuant to Section 4062."